Search for fermiophobic Higgs boson in multi-photon final states at DZero

Oleksiy Atramentov

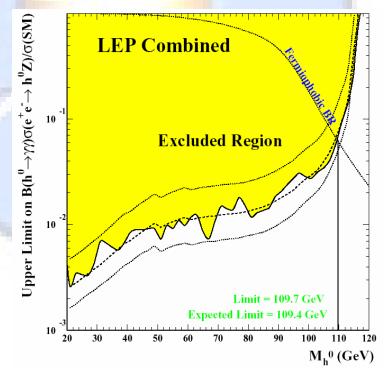
Iowa State University

Fermiophobia

- Higgs decaying to bosons has been searched at LEP and Tevatron
- \rightarrow LEPII ≈ 108 GeV; Run I ≈ 80 GeV
- previously derived limits are done with the assumption of the SM hVV

couplings: $R = \frac{\sigma(e^+e^- \to Zh_f)}{\sigma(e^+e^- \to Z\phi^0)} = 1$

- this is not entirely true in more realistic models, i.e. 2HDM, THDM;
- it is possible that lighter Higgs masses have eluded previous searches
- moreover, lighter masses are more theoretically favorable



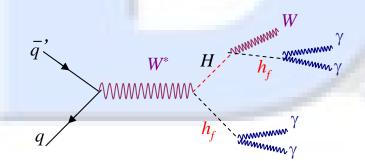
Fermiophobia in 2HDM

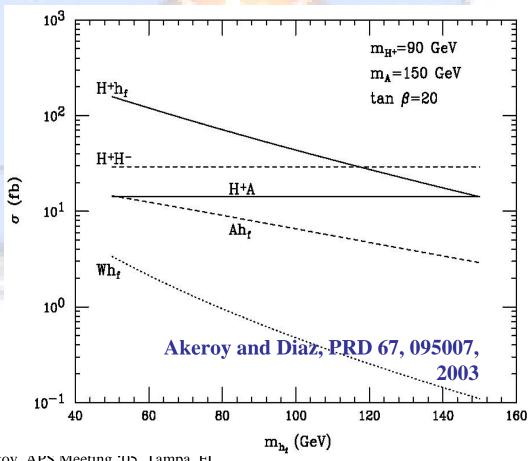
For tan $\beta = 3$ lighter masses might have gone undetected $m_{h_f} = 80 \, \text{GeV} / c^2$

due to: $h_f VV \sim 1/(1 + \tan^2 \beta)$

This suppression opens new channels:

$$p\overline{p} \rightarrow H^{\pm}h_f$$
, $H^{\pm}H^{\mp}$, and A^0h_f





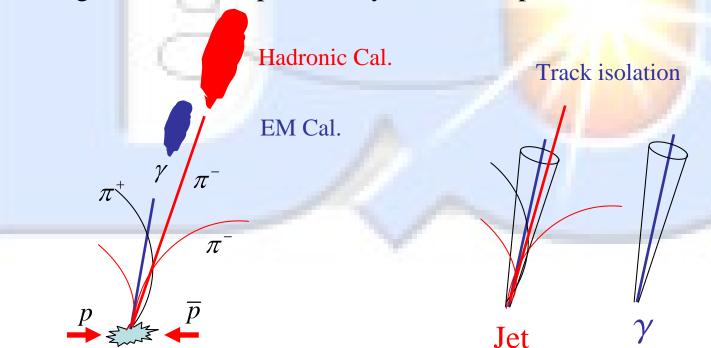
Oleksiy Atramentov, APS Meeting 'U5, Tampa, FL

Tools – Tevatron, DZero

- Highest energy machine extended kinematic reach into the phase-spaces of various models;
- excellent EM Calorimeter, significant rapidity coverage;
- very good tracking system;
- a crew of hard working colleagues working on perfecting the quality of data;

Photon Identification

- difficult to calibrate;
- lots of QCD background jets with energetic photons (from π^0 's and η 's):
- similar to electron signature in the calorimeter;
- → luckily a significant track activity from the fragmentation and FSR around a photon candidate.
- → larger conversion probability for "fake" photons.



Oleksiy Atramentov, APS Meeting '05, Tampa, FL

Analysis

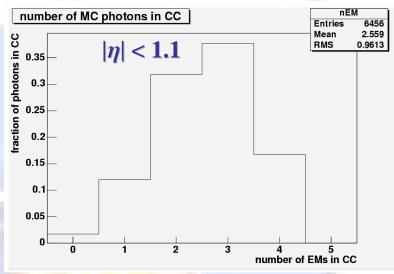
• Backgrounds for 1γ and 2γ event topologies are very large.

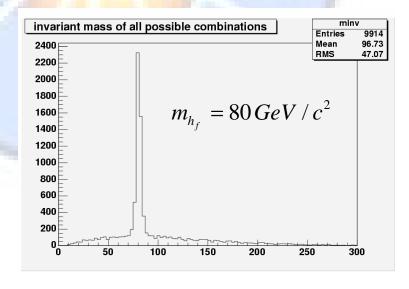
Use $3\gamma \& 4\gamma$, acceptance $\approx 50\%$

 photons are very energetic which allows very tight cuts

$$m_{h_f}=80\,GeV$$
 :
$$p_{\perp,1}^{\gamma}>45\,GeV, p_{\perp,2}^{\gamma}>25\,GeV,$$
 and $p_{\perp,3}^{\gamma}>15\,GeV$

•distribution of invariant masses of all possible combinations for 3γ and 4γ has only a small effect of the "wrong pair" background and adds only $\gtrsim 10\%$ to the width of the mass peak;





Analysis

- EW backgrounds:
 - W(ev)+2jets, Z(ee)+jet, and Z+ γ
- QCD backgrounds:3jets
- direct photons (should be out of the fake rate): γ +jet, 2γ +jets

Very Preliminary Results

Background	Theory	Suppression	Expected
✓ $W(ev) + 2$ jets	(2,963±2.29)pb	O(1.9·10 ⁻⁷)	O(0.20)
\checkmark Z(ee) + jet	(67.8±0.24)pb	O(1.8·10 ⁻⁴)	O(0.25)
\checkmark Z(ee) + γ	(0.13±0.0012)pb	$O(1.6 \cdot 10^{-3})$	O(0.10)
✓ 3 jets, 2 jets, 2γ + jet (from 2γ + jet sample)	į		O(2.3)
Total expected background :			2.9
Observed:			4,

Conclusions

- A new analysis was not tried at LEP and the Tevatron;
- a good control of the major backgrounds;
- allows to expand the phase space coverage to larger $\tan \beta$, where the conventional mechanisms are suppressed;
- can probe low masses (down to ~50 GeV/c²), which is generally a challenge at the hadron colliders;
- may invert a problem and put tighter constraints on (*fermiophobic*) higgs-strahlung in 2HDM/THDM (no W/Z BRs suppressions)... (crazy/bold?);
- accelerator is performing really well record inst. luminosities every moth;
- experiment is delivering ever-perfecting quality data already have ~0.6fb⁻¹;
- tight limit (or discovery?) is coming stay tuned...

This document was created with Win2PDF available at http://www.daneprairie.com. The unregistered version of Win2PDF is for evaluation or non-commercial use only.